## SAFETY DATA SHEET



#### MOBIL DELVAC MODERN COOLANT 50/50 EXTENDED LIFE

#### Section 1. Identification

Product name : MOBIL DELVAC MODERN COOLANT 50/50 EXTENDED LIFE

Product description : Glycol

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Antifreeze/coolant

Uses advised against : This product is not recommended for any industrial, professional or consumer use other

than the identified uses above.

**Restrictions on use** : Not available.

Supplier : GENTRAC-GENERAL EQUIPMENT COMPANY LIMITED

International Airport Road.

Ladyville Belize

24-Hour emergency telephone number

: +52 55 8526 4930 / +1-703-527-3887 (CHEMTREC)

**Product Technical** 

Information

: 001-800-662-4525

**Supplier General Contact**: +501-225-2115 (Fax: +501-225-2272)

SDS Internet Address : www.sds.exxonmobil.com

#### Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

: ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

**GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms :





Signal word : Warning

**Hazard statements** : H302 - Harmful if swallowed.

H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (kidneys)

**Precautionary statements** 

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P103 - Read label before use.

**Prevention**: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P260 - Do not breathe vapor.

P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

Response : P301 + P330, P312 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Call a POISON CENTER or

doctor if you feel unwell.

P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage: P405 - Store locked up.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

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### Section 2. Hazards identification

: ETHANE-1,2-DIOL and 2-ethylhexanoic acid, sodium salt

Hazards not otherwise

classified

: None known.

Note

: This material should not be used for any other purpose than the intended use in Section 1 without expert advice. Health studies have shown that chemical exposure may cause potential human health risks which may vary from person to person.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	% by weight	Identifiers
ETHANE-1,2-DIOL	≥25 - ≤50	CAS: 107-21-1
2-ethylhexanoic acid, sodium salt	≤5	CAS: 19766-89-3
ethanol, 2,2-oxybis-	≤5	CAS: 111-46-6

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** 

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Skin contact** 

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. If product is injected into or under the skin, or into any part of the body, regardless of the appearance of the wound or its size, the individual should be evaluated immediately by a physician as a surgical emergency. Even though initial symptoms from high pressure injection may be minimal or absent, early surgical treatment within the first few hours may significantly reduce the ultimate extent of injury. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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#### Section 4. First aid measures

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Skin contact** 

Ingestion : Harmful if swallowed.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : No specific data. Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : Local necrosis as evidenced by delayed onset of pain and tissue damage a few hours

after injection.

Ingestion : No specific data.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large Notes to physician

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may

be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, alcohol-resistant foam or water spray (fog).

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

**Hazardous combustion** products

: Aldehydes, Incomplete combustion products, Oxides of carbon, Smoke, Fume

**Special protective actions** for fire-fighters

: Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. Assure an extended cooling down period to prevent re-ignition. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers, or drinking water supply. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

**Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### **NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES**

In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations. US regulations require reporting releases of this material to the environment which exceed the applicable reportable quantity or oil spills which could reach any waterway including intermittent dry creeks. The National Response Center can be reached at (800)424-8802.

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

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### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

#### **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Material will sink. Remove material, as much as possible, using mechanical equipment. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Water spill and land spill recommendations are based on the most likely spill scenario for this material; however, geographic conditions, wind, temperature, (and in the case of a water spill) wave and current direction and speed may greatly influence the appropriate action to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted. Note: Local regulations may prescribe or limit action to be taken.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

#### **Precautions for safe handling**

#### **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

## Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### **Static Accumulator**

: This material is not a static accumulator.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Control parameters** 

**Occupational exposure limits** 

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
ETHANE-1,2-DIOL	CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)
	C: 100 mg/m³. Form: vapor.
	C: 40 ppm. Form: vapor.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989)
	CEIL: 50 ppm.
	CEIL: 125 mg/m³.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)
	STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m³. Form: Inhalable fraction. Aerosol only
	STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. Form: Vapor fraction.
	TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm. Form: Vapor fraction.
2-ethylhexanoic acid, sodium salt	None.
ethanol, 2,2-oxybis-	OARS WEEL (United States, 4/2022)
,	TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m³.

## Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

## **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### **Eye/face protection**

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with sideshields.

## Skin protection Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. < 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile, minimum 0.38 mm thickness or comparable protective barrier material

#### **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### Respiratory protection

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Note: Physical and chemical properties are provided for safety, health and environmental considerations only and may not fully represent product specifications. Contact the Supplier for additional information.

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### **Appearance**

**Physical state** : Liquid. Color Red

Odor : Characteristic : Not available. Odor threshold

рН 8.7

Melting point/freezing point : -36°C (-32.8°F) **Boiling point or initial** : 108°C (226.4°F)

boiling point and boiling

range

Flash point : Closed cup: 111°C (231.8°F) [Estimated]

**Evaporation rate** Not available. : Ignitable **Flammability** Lower and upper explosion : Lower: 3.2% limit/flammability limit Upper: 15.3% : <0.1 mm Hg [20 °C] Vapor pressure

Relative vapor density : Not available.

**Relative density** : Complete Solubility in water Partition coefficient: n-: Not applicable.

octanol/water

: 397.8°C (748°F) **Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature** : Not available. **Viscosity** : Not available.

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size : Not applicable.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : High energy sources of ignition. Excessive heat.

**Incompatible materials** : Strong oxidizers, strong acids

**Hazardous decomposition** products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

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## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### **Information on toxicological effects**

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result	Duration
MOBIL DELVAC MODERN COOLANT 50/50 EXTENDED LIFE	LDLo Oral	Human	1560 mg/kg	-
ethanol, 2,2-oxybis-	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>4.6 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal LDLo Oral	Rabbit Human	>5000 mg/kg 500 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Inhalation : Minimally Toxic. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the

components.

**Dermal** : Minimally Toxic. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the

components.

Oral : Moderately toxic Data available. Based on assessment of the components.

<u>Irritation/Corrosion</u>

**Conclusion/Summary** 

**Skin**: Negligible irritation to skin at ambient temperatures. No end point data for material.

Based on assessment of the components.

**Eyes** : May cause mild, short-lasting discomfort to eyes. No end point data for material. Based

on assessment of the components.

**Respiratory**: Negligible hazard at ambient/normal handling temperatures. No end point data for

material.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin : Not expected to be a skin sensitizer. No end point data for material. Based on

assessment of the components.

**Respiratory**: Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer. No end point data for material.

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not expected to be a germ cell mutagen. No end point data for material. Based on

assessment of the components.

**Carcinogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not expected to cause cancer. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of

the components.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: May damage the unborn child. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of

the components.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not expected to cause organ damage from a single exposure. No end point data for

material.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Target organs
MOBIL DELVAC MODERN COOLANT 50/50 EXTENDED LIFE	Category 2	kidneys

Conclusion/Summary

: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the components.

**Aspiration hazard** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not expected to be an aspiration hazard. Based on physico-chemical properties of the

material. No end point data for material.

#### **Other information**

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## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

#### Contains

: ETHYLENE GLYCOL (EG): Repeated high oral exposure has caused kidney damage, neurological effects, degeneration of the liver and changes in blood chemistry and circulating blood cells in laboratory animals. Repeated overexposure has the potential to cause similar toxic effects in humans. EG causes developmental and reproductive effects at high dose levels in laboratory animals. The relevance of these findings to humans is uncertain. DIETHYLENE GLYCOL (DEG): Orally, DEG is more toxic to humans than animal test data indicate. Probable lethal dose for an adult is about 50 ml (2 oz.), or 2 -3 swallows. Smaller amounts may cause kidney degeneration and failure. Benign urinary bladder tumors were observed in rats, no tumors were observed in mice.

## **Section 12. Ecological information**

The information given is based on data for the material, components of the material, or for similar materials, through the application of bridging principals.

#### **Toxicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** 

**Acute toxicity** : Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.

**Chronic toxicity**: Not expected to demonstrate chronic toxicity to aquatic organisms.

Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability : Material -- Expected to be readily biodegradable.

Atmospheric Oxidation : Material -- Expected to degrade rapidly in air

**Bioaccumulative potential** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : Material -- Potential to bioaccumulate is low.

**Mobility in soil** 

Mobility : Material -- Expected to remain in water or migrate through soil.

Other ecological information

Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Empty Container Warning (where applicable): Empty containers may contain residue and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations. DO NOT PRESSURISE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

## **Section 14. Transport information**

## **Section 14. Transport information**

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN3082	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (ETHANE-1,2-DIOL)	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	9	-	-	-
	9			
Packing group	III	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	Yes.	No.	No.	No.

#### **Additional information**

**DOT Classification** 

: Non-bulk packages of this product are not regulated as hazardous materials in package sizes less than the product reportable quantity, unless transported by inland waterway. The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported on inland waterways in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

Reportable quantity 11086.5 lbs / 5033.3 kg [1254.4 gal / 4748.4 L]. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.

**Limited quantity** Yes.

Packaging instruction Exceptions: 155. Non-bulk: 203. Bulk: 241. **Special provisions** 8, 146, 173, 335, 441, IB3, T4, TP1, TP29

**IATA** 

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

## Section 15. Regulatory information

#### **Inventory list**

Australia inventory (AIIC)

Canada inventory (DSL-NDSL)

**China inventory (IECSC)** 

Japan inventory (CSCL)

Japan inventory (Industrial Safety and

**Health Act)** 

**New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals** 

(NZIoC)

**Philippines inventory (PICCS)** 

Korea inventory (KECI)

**Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory** 

(TCSI)

**United States inventory (TSCA 8b)** 

: Not determined.

: All components are listed or exempted.

: All components are listed or exempted.

: Not determined.

: Not determined.

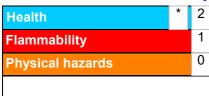
: All components are listed or exempted.

: All components are active or exempted.

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### Section 16. Other information

#### **Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)**



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

#### **National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)**



#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2	Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method

#### **History**

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: 3 September 2024

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: 1.02

**Key to abbreviations** 

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available

SGG = Segregation Group

UN = United Nations

References : Not available.

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Product code** : 3510101015V1 1279326

#### **Notice to reader**

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## **Section 16. Other information**

Chemical Company, Exxon Mobil Corporation, or any affiliates in which they directly or indirectly hold any interest.

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